## WHAT IS THE PROCESS OF

## **VENDOR RISK MANAGEMENT?**



and ongoing practice of identifying, assessing, managing, and monitoring the risks posed to your organization and its customers through vendor relationships.

Vendor risk management is the process

it's also a regulatory requirement.

Vendor risk management is a best

practice, and, for many organizations,

The process of vendor risk management requires the following:



## and Oversight The first step in the vendor risk management process is to determine your program's

**Establish Governance** 

that, you must first do the following: Define roles and responsibilities. Who will be responsible for meeting the requirements?

develop and test the methodology to risk rate your vendors. Create inherent risk assessments to identify the types and amounts of risks in any

Establish the criteria for determining which vendors are critical to your organization. Then,

- engagement. Develop vendor risk questionnaires and document collection requirements.
- ✓ Establish the cadence for monitoring vendor risk and performance.



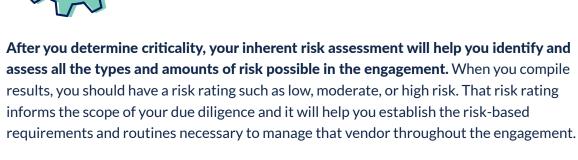
### Determining if a product or service (and the vendor) will be critical to your operations is an essential activity. All vendors should be classified as critical or non-critical. These

**Determine Criticality** 

2 I Would the sudden loss impact our customers? 3 I If the service is disrupted, would there be a negative impact on our operations if the time to restore service took more than 24 hours?

1 | Would a sudden loss of this third party cause significant disruption to our business?

- If you answered yes to any of these questions, you probably have a critical vendor.



#### results, you should have a risk rating such as low, moderate, or high risk. That risk rating informs the scope of your due diligence and it will help you establish the risk-based

**Identify Inherent Risks** 

**Diligence** 

**Perform Initial Due** 

Once you determine the criticality and risk rating, determine your due diligence requirements and collect evidence of controls (i.e., documentation). Subject matter experts from each risk



**Negotiate the Contract** Your contract is one of your best vendor risk management tools. Ensure that your contract addresses documented service level agreements, information security and breach notification, compliance, business continuity, and disaster recovery requirements.

Don't forget to include the all-important "right to audit" clause to ensure your access to



vendor information when you need it.

# **Monitor Your Vendor**

Establish appropriate risk review routines and stick to them. Keep on the lookout for new or emerging risks, and don't forget to monitor and manage vendor performance and schedule regular performance reviews. Vendor monitoring and oversight are important components in developing and maintaining productive and healthy vendor relationships.

Once your vendor is up and running, it's essential not to drop the ball. Monitoring your

vendor formally through periodic risk re-assessments and due diligence is a must.



## **Track Issues and Report Concerns**

the issue is discovered during the due diligence process or results from declining performance, it's important to document issues and track them until they are remediated. Most importantly, issues identified for critical vendors should be reported to senior management and the board.

The processes and practices of vendor risk management are essential to protect your organization and its customers against unnecessary risk.

effective vendor risk management processes support the development and maintenance of valuable vendor relationships.

By identifying, assessing, managing,

monitoring, and analyzing vendor risk,



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